CHILD MATERIAL DEPRIVATION 2024

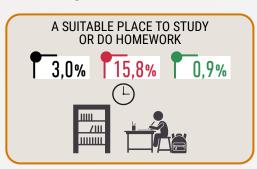
TOTAL

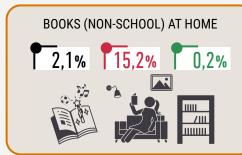
AT-RISK-OF POVERTY

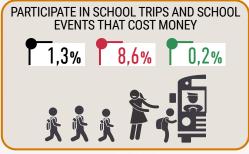
NOT AT-RISK-OF POVERTY

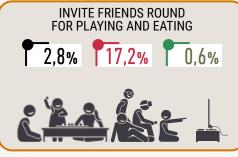
% of children (<16 years old) who are deprived due to the household's financial inability:

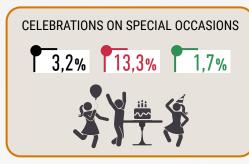


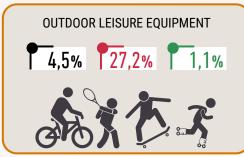




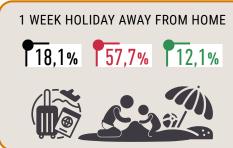












Child (<16 years) Material Deprivation Rate 33,6% EU-27 13,6% 14.6% 30% Cyprus Source: Eurostat [ilc_chmd03 20% 10% indirect the state of the state DEWNARY LIKEMBURG BULGARIA POLAND THURMA AUSTRIA FINIAND GERMANY SLOVANIA CYPRUS HINGARY BELGIJIM PORTUGAL ESTONIA EU.27 LATVIA MALIA TAI

The child-specific deprivation rate is the percentage of children below 16 who suffer from the enforced lack (for affordability reasons of the household) of at least 3 items out of the following 17 items:

Financial inability of the household for children to:

- 1. have some new clothes
- 2. have two pairs of shoes
- 3. have fresh fruits and vegetables daily
- 4. have a meal with meat, chicken, fish (or equivalent vegetarian meal) daily
- 5. have books (non-school) at home suitable for their age
- 6. have outdoor leisure equipment7. have indoor games
- participate to regular leisure activities
- have celebrations on special occasions (birthdays, name days, religious events)
- 10. invite friends round for playing and eating from time to time
- 11. participate in school trips and school events that cost money
- 12. go on holiday away from home at least 1 week per year

Financial inability of the household to:

- 13. replace worn-out furniture
- 14. pay on time utility bills or rent or loan (to be confronted with payment arrears)
- 15. keep home adequately warm
- 16. have a car

Financial inability of the adults of the household to:

17. have internet connection