

QUALITY REPORT

ESSPROS PENSION BENEFICIARIES

(according to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1322/2007 of 12 November 2007, published in OJ L294, 13.11.2007, p.5)

MEMBER STATE: CYPRUS

REFERENCE YEAR: 2023

REPORT ISSUED: 10th of September 2025

1. Accuracy and Reliability / Geographical coverage

1.1 Coverage of data sources* (part 1)

Name of data source	Type of data source used (1) (see regulation point 1.1.1.1)	Frequency of the data source (2) (see regulation point 1.1.1.1)	Time lag in months ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ (see regulation point 1.1.1.1)	Schemes covered (please indicate which scheme numbers are covered by this data source) (see regulation point 1.1.1.1)
1. Social Insurance Services, Ministry of Labour and Social	Administrative Data / Register based data	12 months	12 months	Schemes 01 and 04
Insurance.	register oused data			
2. The Treasury	Administrative Data /			
Department, Ministry of	Register based data	12 months	15 months	Scheme 02
Finance. 3. Department of Social	Administrative Data /	12 months	15 months	Scheme 04
Inclusion of Persons with Disabilities,	Register based data	12 monus	13 monuis	Scheme 04
Ministry of Labour and Social Insurance				
4. Welfare Benefits Administration Service, Ministry of Labour and Social Insurance	Administrative Data / Register based data	12 months	15 months	Scheme 04
5. CYSTAT, "Survey on the Receipts and Expenditure of Provident Funds, Pension Schemes, Sickness/Health Care Funds and other Benefits" (CYSTAT	Census	12 months	14 months	Schemes 05 and 06



prepared specific			
questionnaires and			
collected the required			
information from all			
semi governmental			
organisations and local			
government units).			

^{*} Please be exhaustive by mentioning all pension schemes

1.1 Coverage of data sources (part 2) — please note that part 1 and part 2 is in fact one table and have only been separated to facilitate the completion of the table

Name of data source (Please indicate the same data sources as in table 1.1 part 1)	Any additional information regarding this data source (i.e. reports on problems -including delays- which lead to estimation of data) (4) (see regulation point 1.1.1.1)	Geographical coverage (i.e. which parts of the country are covered by this data source) (5)(see regulation point 1.2.1)
1. Social Insurance Services, Ministry of Labour and Social Insurance.		Full Coverage
2. The Treasury Department, Ministry of Finance.		Full coverage (the data pertains to Civil Servants)
3. Department of Social Inclusion of Persons with Disabilities, Ministry of Labour and Social Insurance		Full coverage
4. Welfare Benefits Administration Service, Ministry of Labour and Social Insurance		Full coverage: the data pertains to recipients of the Guaranteed Minimum Income (GMI) benefit who are also eligible for
5. CYSTAT, "Survey on the Receipts and Expenditure of Provident Funds, Pension Schemes, Sickness/Health Care Funds and other Benefits"		supplementary disability pension Full coverage (the data pertains to employees of semi-governmental organisations and local government units)



^{1.} Please specify: "Administrative data", "Register based data", "National Accounts", "Survey", "Census", "Other". For category "Other", please specify the type

^{2.} Please specify: "12 months" or "6 months", etc.

^{3.} The time lag is the period between the reference date (31st of December of reference year or 1st January of reference year + 1) and the moment in which data sources are available

- 4. Please fill in this column only in cases of: delays, data source contains estimates, incomplete coverage for some schemes. In cases of schemes not complete covered, please, specify the number of the scheme and the code of the item for which no data are available and estimations are needed.
- 5. Please indicate "Full coverage" if the data source covers the whole country. If the data source contains data for some regions only, please specify the region.

1.2 Geographical comparability* (see regulation point 2.2)

Degree of coverage in terms of schemes ⁽⁶⁾ (if there are cases of schemes, to be potentially included in ESSPROS that are completely or partially missed or not available)	Degree of coverage in terms of beneficiaries (whether for the schemes included that data provided are exhaustive or if a number of pension beneficiaries are not available (partial return)	Cases of non-application of the ESSPROS methodology in the form of a comprehensive list (whether there are cases (both schemes and benefits) of possible non-adherence with the ESSPROS methodology: provision from specific sources, for example, could imply the use of definitions and methodologies not in line with our Manual)
Full coverage in terms of schemes	Full coverage in terms of beneficiaries	

^{*} Please note that this table is referred to coverage and consistency with ESSPROS methodology of final figures.

2. Methodologies and assumptions used in the treatment of double counting and in estimates (please give details for all cases)

2.1 Estimates for schemes on which no data are available (see regulation point 2.1.2)

Schemes	Items (7)	Type of estimate (8)	Summary of estimation procedure

^{7.} Specify only the codes of the items concerned. In cases of breakdowns, please specify: "breakdown of a total by gender", or "breakdown of a total between MT and NMT pensions", etc.



^{6.} If a scheme is completely missed in final figures please specify its number in the first column and in the second column specify "Missing". If only some items are missing, please specify in the first column the number of the scheme and in the second column the items that are missing.

^{8.} Specify one of the following estimation methods: "based on known distributions", "based on previous data", "based on a hypothesis", "based on a survey", "based on extrapolation", and "other". For category "other", please specify the method.

2.2 Information on the treatment of double counting (please indicate all types of double counting occurring in your country and specify the treatment, if any, for each of these cases) (see regulation point 2.1.2)

(a) for a pension category inside a single scheme – TYPE 1:

Item	Scheme(s) affected by DC	Treatment (yes or not)	Type of treatment ⁽⁹⁾	Summary of the treatment
1121111	04	YES	Using micro level data	The Department of Social Inclusion of Persons with Disabilities, under the Deputy Ministry of Social Welfare, provides a range of benefits for individuals with severe disabilities. In many cases, recipients are eligible for multiple types of benefits, resulting in the total number of benefits exceeding the number of individual recipients. The data presented here refer to beneficiaries under the age of 65, in accordance with the ESSPROS methodology.
1121112				
1122111				
1122112				
1131111	04	YES	Using micro level data	The Department of Social Inclusion of Persons with Disabilities, under the Deputy Ministry of Social Welfare, offers a range of benefits to individuals with severe disabilities. In many cases, recipients are entitled to more than one type of benefit, resulting in the total number of benefits exceeding the number of individual recipients. This data includes beneficiaries aged 65 years or older, in accordance with the ESSPROS methodology.
1131112				
1131113				
1132111				
1132112				
1132113				
1141111				
1142111				
1161113				



11/0110		
1 1167113		
1162113		

Comments on	this	type	of do	uble	counting:
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(b) between schemes (a pension category for all schemes) – TYPE 2:

Item	Schemes affected by DC	Treatment (yes or not)	Type of treatment ⁽¹⁰⁾	Summary of treatment
1121111	01, 04, 05, 06	YES	OTHER	The beneficiaries who receive a disability benefit from the Department of Social Inclusion of Persons with Disabilities (Scheme 04) are individuals with severe disabilities. In contrast, the disability benefit provided by the Social Insurance Services (Scheme 1) covers all forms of disability. Beneficiaries of disability benefits under Schemes 5 and 6 also receive a disability benefit from the Social Insurance Services.
1121112				
1122111				
1122112				
1131111	01, 02, 04, 05, 06	YES	OTHER	The beneficiaries who receive the Social Pension (Scheme 04) are included in the total count of beneficiaries under Scheme 01 (the basic scheme – Social Insurance Services), as these individuals do not receive any other pensions apart from the Social Pension.
1131112				



^{9.} Specify one of the following methods: "using a personal identification number", "using micro level data", "estimation based on previously known data", "estimation based on a hypothesis", "estimation based on a survey", "other". For category "other", please specify the method.

1131113 1132111				
1132111				
1132113				
1141111	01, 02, 05, 06	YES	OTHER	Only the beneficiaries of Scheme 01 (the basic scheme – Social Insurance Services) are recorded here, as those receiving this pension from another scheme also receive a pension from Scheme 01.
1142111				
1161113				
1162113		_		

^{10.} Specify one of the following methods: "using a personal identification number", "using micro level data", "estimation based on previously known data", "estimation based on a hypothesis", "estimation based on a survey", "other". For category "other", please specify the method.

Comments on this type of double counting:

In Cyprus, the pension system consists of a basic pension scheme (Scheme 01: the Social Insurance Scheme) and several supplementary schemes. Each beneficiary is registered under the basic scheme and additionally under only one supplementary scheme. Each supplementary scheme serves specific groups of beneficiaries, primarily based on their occupation. This structure prevents any individual from receiving benefits from more than one supplementary scheme.

To avoid double counting and in line with the module's methodology, beneficiaries of each supplementary scheme are not added to the count of the basic scheme. The only exception is Scheme 04 (a supplementary scheme), where certain groups of beneficiaries with no other sources of income are included in the count for the basic scheme.

(c) between non-means-tested and means-tested – TYPE 3:

Item	Double	Treatment	Type of treatment (11)	Summary of treatment
	counting	(yes or not)		
	(yes or not)			



1120111 (1121111 – 1122111)				
1120112 (1121112 – 1122112)				
1130111 (1131111 – 1132111)	YES	YES	OTHER	The Ministry of Labour and Social Insurance offers a Minimum Social Insurance Pension Supplement. The beneficiaries of this pension supplement are already receiving a pension and are included under item 1131111.
1130112 (1131112 – 1132112)				
1130113 (1131113 – 1132113)				
1140111 (1141111 – 1142111)				
1160113 (1161113 – 1162113)				

^{11.} Specify one of the following methods: "using a personal identification number", "using micro level data", "estimation based on previously known data", "estimation based on a hypothesis", "estimation based on a survey", "other". For category "other", please specify the method.

Comments on this type of double counting
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(d) between categories in aggregation:

To obtain functions at "all schemes" level – TYPE 4

10 obtain functions at an schemes level = 111 E	•			
Item	Double	Treatment	Type of treatment (12)	Summary of treatment
	counting	(yes or not)		
	(yes or not)			
1120110 (1120111 – 1120112)	Not			
1130110 (1130111 - 1130112 - 1130113)	Not			

To obtain the totals of survivors and old age pensioners - TYPE 5 and the total of pensioners in the country - TYPE 6

Item	Item Double		Type of treatment (12)	Summary of treatment	
	counting	(yes or not)			
	(yes or not)				
1190110 (Type 5)	Yes	Yes	Using micro level data	The exact number of survivors and old-age	
				pensioners was obtained using public	
				administrative sources (registers). The Soc	
				Insurance Services provided the actual data in	



				a manner designed to prevent double counting. The Government Treasury supplied CYSTAT with a detailed register, which CYSTAT subsequently processed to extract the number of unique pensioners (excluding any duplication). For Schemes 05 and 06, the data was collected through survey questionnaires, in which a question was included to enquire about double counting, which were then processed and analysed by CYSTAT.
1000000 (1120110 - 1130110 - 1140111 - 1160113) (Type 6)	Yes	Yes	Using micro level data	The total number of pensioners was calculated using administrative and register-based data maintained by public agencies, taking into account both the type and number of pensions each beneficiary receives. Supplementary data was collected through survey questionnaires (for Schemes 05 and 06). It is important to note that the total number of pension beneficiaries does not equal the sum of the beneficiaries in each pension category, due to the application of procedures to eliminate double counting.
12. Specify one of the following methods: "using a "estimation based on a survey", "other". For categor Comments on this type of double counting	y "other", please spec		nicro level data", "estimation based on pre	viously known data", "estimation based on a hypothesis",

3. Revision of statistics — to be filled in for the previous years data only (In the first column, please indicate the scheme involved, in the second column, the items involved, then thick with an 'X' the column that corresponds to the type of the revision and, where it is the case, please describe in the last column each revision with a few words, specifying if it is extraordinary (very rare) or ordinary (it can happen regularly). (see regulation point 2.1.3)



			Type of revision			vision		
Scheme	Items	Years revised	Changes in the data sources used ⁽¹³⁾	Changes in the methods used for estimating data ⁽¹⁴⁾	Revisions of data due to conceptual adjustments ⁽¹⁵⁾	Revisions of data due to availability of final statistics ⁽¹⁶⁾	Other revisions of data (e.g. due to quality review actions)	Details on the revision
04	1132111	2022			V			The beneficiaries of the Minimum Social Insurance Pension Supplement were added to item 1132111 (Type 3 – Double Counting).
TOTAL	1132111	2022			√ 			The beneficiaries of the Minimum Social Insurance Pension Supplement were added to item 1132111 (Type 3 – Double Counting).

^{13.} E.g. changes in the set of the data sources (new data sources, disappearing of an old one); additional information supplied by certain data sources; other changes in data sources.

3. bis Changes in the application of the methodology – to be filled in for the reference year data only (In the first column, please indicate the scheme involved, in the second column, the items involved, then describe in the other columns each change with a few words)

Scheme	Items	Details on the change	Break in time series ⁽¹⁷⁾
			(yes or not)



^{14.} E.g. changes in the methods used: to put in line information supplied by data sources with the ESSPROS methodology; to estimate the missing breakdown (or part of schemes) or other changes in methods

^{15.} E.g. changes in the ESSPROS methodology; in the social protection system; in classifications or definitions other than ESSPROS; etc.

^{16.} E.g. final figures are provided by the data sources; or provisional estimation are replaced by information that was missing in the last data collection; etc.

	Changes in the data sources used ⁽¹³⁾	Changes in the methods used for estimating data ⁽¹⁴⁾	Changes due to conceptual adjustments ⁽¹⁵⁾	Other	

^{17.} Break occurring when there is a change in the standards for defining and observing a variable over time

4. Other information related to quality

4.1 Oth	her inf	^c ormatio	on on c	quality
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4.2 Coherence with CS data

4.3 Dissemination policy in the country*

Are these data	At what timeliness?	State any specific publication (and eventually the link)	Are they part of regular
published in your	$(in months)^{(19)}$		publications?
country? ⁽¹⁸⁾			(yes or not)



YES	24 months	Data on the pension beneficiaries is available on CYSTAT's website	YES (annually)
		(www.cystat.gov.cy)	

^{*}Optional



^{18.} Please specify "yes everything", "yes, only the following part...", "yes, but not in the ESSPROS format" or no". In case of "yes, but not in the ESSPROS format", please explain. 19. Please specify how many months after the period of reference the data are published (31st of December of reference year or 1st January of reference year + 1).