

Harmonised Data Collection for the CIS 2024

Cyprus

1 Enterprise identification				
Name of enterprise				
Address				
Postal code				
Main activity				
 If your enterprise is part of Please answer all further questions about your enterprise or Exclude the activities of all subsidiaries or parent enterprises 	nly for its o			us
2 Strategies and Business Environment				
2.1 During the three years 2022 to 2024, how impor	tant wer	e the falla	wing str	ategies to the econ
performance of your enterprise?	tant wer	c the lone	wing <u>str</u>	ategies to the econ
		Degree	of impor	
	High —	Medium		Not important
Focus on improving your existing goods or services				
Focus on introducing <u>new goods or services</u>				
Focus on <u>low-price</u> (price leadership)				
Focus on <u>high-quality</u> (quality leadership)				
Focus on a broad range of goods or services				
Focus on one or a small number of key goods or services				
Focus on satisfying established customer groups				
Focus on reaching out to new customer groups				
Focus on standardised goods or services				
Focus on <u>customer-specific solutions</u>				
22 B : d d 2022 (2024 P)				•
2.2 During the three years 2022 to 2024, did your er	iterprise	:		
Apply for a patent				
Register an industrial design right				
Register a trademark				
Claim a copyright				
Use <u>trade secrets</u> □ □				
2.3 During the three years 2022 to 2024, did your en	itarnrisa			
2.3 During the three years 2022 to 2024, and your er	iterprise Yes	No		
License out its own intellectual property rights (IPRs) to others				
Sell its own IPRs (or assign IP rights) to others				
Exchange IPRs (pooling, cross-licensing, etc.)				
	_	- 1		
2.4 During the three years 2022 to 2024, did your en	terprise	purchase	machin	ery, equipment or
based on:		/ N		
		res No	<u> </u>	

The <u>same</u> or improved technology used in your enterprise before

 $\underline{\text{New}}$ technology that was not used in your enterprise before

	T	4 •
Z .	nnor	vation

A product innovation is a new or improved good or se	ervice that differs significantly	from the firm's previous goods or
services and has been introduced on the market.		

Include:

- significant changes to the design of a good,
- digital goods or services.

Exclude: the simple re-sale of new goods and changes of a solely aesthetic nature

<u> </u>	cide: the simple re sale of new goods and changes of	a soic	iy acs	tiletie i	iatuit					
3.	During the three years 2022 to 2024, did your	enterp	rise i	ntrodu	ce an	y:				
							Yes		No	
Ne	ew or improved goods									
Ne	ew or improved services									
Innovation that yields <u>environmental benefits</u> protecting the environment as a result of the <u>use of goods or services</u> by customers. It is related to the module concerning Environmental Innovation (4B).						_				
	If 'no' to all opt Otherwise	-			.5					
3.		prise i	introd	uce an	y nev	v or im	oroved j	orodu	<u>icts</u> (goods or	
	services) that were: of previously offered by any of your competitors? entical or very similar to products already offered by you	r comp	etitors	3? 2			Yes	No		
		•								
3.	3 Using the definitions above, please estimate the	e perc	ent of	your e	enterp	rise's t	otal <u>tur</u>	nover	in 2024 from	:
1.	Products introduced during the three years 2022 to 2024 that were not previously offered by any of your competitors				%				Please provide a combined estimat sales from innova	
2.	Products introduced during the three years 2022 to 2024 that were identical or very similar to products already offered by your competitors				%			%	products when no differentiate betwee items 1 and 2.	t able to
3.	Products that were unchanged or only marginally modified during the three years 2022 to 2024				%					
	(include the resale of new products purchased from other enterprise	ses)	1	1						
То	tal turnover in 2024	1	0	0	%					
3.		k all ti	hat ar	nnly						
_ \	our enterprise by itself	n an u	<u> </u>							
	our enterprise by itself our enterprise together with other enterprises or organis	atione								
٠ ١	our enterprise together with other enterprises of organis our enterprise by adapting or modifying products original developed by other enterprises or organisations*									
	Other enterprises or organisations*									
*	Include independent enterprises plus other parts of your enterprise group (research institutes, non-profits, etc.	subsidiar	ies, siste	_	ises, he	ad office,	etc.). Orgar	nisation	s include universitie	s,

Not previously available on the market. (Wording can be adapted to national circumstances, e.g. to 'New to the market').
 Already previously available on the market. (Wording can be adapted to national circumstances, e.g. to 'New to the enterprise').

A **business process innovation** is a new or improved business process for one or more business functions that differs significantly from the firm's previous business processes and which has been brought into use by the firm.

3.5 During the three years 2024 to 2024, did your enterprise introduce any of the following types of <u>new or</u> improved business processes that differ significantly from your previous business processes

	Yes	No
- Methods for producing or developing goods or providing services		
- Logistics, delivery or distribution methods		
- Methods for information processing or communication		
- Methods for accounting or other administrative operations		
- Business practices for organising procedures or external relations		
- Methods of organising work responsibility, decision making or human resource management		
- Marketing methods for promotion, packaging, pricing, product placement or after sales services		
- Processes within the business that yield environmental benefits by protecting the environment. It is related to the module concerning Environmental Innovation (4A)		

If 'no' to all options go to question 3.7 Otherwise go to question 3.6

3.6 Who developed these business process innovations?

Tick all that apply

- Your enterprise by itself

 Your enterprise together with other enterprises or organisations*

 Your enterprise by adapting or modifying products originally developed by other enterprises or organisations*

 □
- Other enterprises or organisations*

^{*} Include independent enterprises plus other parts of your enterprise group (subsidiaries, sister enterprises, head office, etc.). Organisations include universities, research institutes, non-profits, etc.

'Innovation activity' includes all developmental, financial and commercial activities, undertaken by a firm, which are intended to result in an innovation.

Research and Development (R&D) comprises creative and systematic work undertaken in order to increase the stock of knowledge – including knowledge of humankind, culture and society – and to devise new applications of available knowledge.

3.7 During the three years 2024 to 2024, did your enterprise have any of the following types of innovation activities (meaning activities involving the allocation of resources)?

	1 1	0 0
Ongoing** innovation activities at the end of 2024		
Abandoned*** or suspended innovation activities		
Completed**** innovation activities		
In-house research and development (R&D) activities*?		
if 'yes' did your enterprise perform in-house R&D during the three years 2024 to 2024:		
- <u>Continuously</u> (your enterprise had permanent R&D staff) - <u>Occasionally</u> (as needed only) □		
Contract-out R&D to other enterprises (include enterprises in your own group or to public or private research organisations)		

If 'no' to all options in questions 3.1, 3.5, and 3.7, go to question 3.10.

Otherwise, go to question 3.8.

^{*} Please see the annex for definitions of internal and external R&D.

^{**} The innovation activity was not completed at the end of 2024 and will be continued in 2025.

^{***} The innovation activity was discontinued during 2022 and 2024 either with plans to resume the activity later ('suspended activity') or without such plans ('abandoned activity')

^{****} The innovation activity was completed at the end of 2024 but has not resulted in the introduction of an innovation by the end of 2024, e.g. because it concerned only a part of a new or improved product or business process, or because the introduction is foreseen to happen later.

3.8 How much did your enterprise spend on innovation and research and development (R&D) in 2024?

- Please note that question 3.8 refers, exceptionally, only to the year 2024, not the three year period 2022 to 2024.
- Please tick 'none' for all categories if your enterprise did not have any expenditure on innovation and/or R&D in 2024.

Expenditures on innovation and R&D in 2024

	nas III		
	Please estimate if you lack precise accounting data		Please tick, if there were no such xpenditures in 2024
R&D <u>performed in-house</u> (Include current expenditures including labour costs			
and capital expenditures (buildings, machinery, equipment, software etc.)		000.6	
specifically for R&D)		_,000 €	□ none
R&D contracted out to others (enterprises or organisations)	,	_,000 €	□ none
All other innovation expenditures* (i.e. excluding R&D)		_,000 €	□ none
include:			
- Acquisition of machinery equipment, software, IPRs or buildings for innovation activities	es other than R&D		
- Acquisition of external knowledge for innovation activities other than R&D (e.g. patents	s, licenses, trademarks)		
- Product design, service design, preparation of production / distribution for innovation a	activities other than R&D		
- Training and professional development for innovation activities other than R&D (e.g. e		ued education	1)
- Marketing of innovations (marketing activities directly related to innovations, including	. ,		-,
3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,		
3.9 Which of the following <u>best describes</u> why your enterprise did three years from 2022 to 2024?	not have more innov	ation activ	rities during th
		Tials as	aa hay ank
		LICK OF	ne box only
A <u>lack of resources</u> prevented us from having more innovation activities (e.g. lack of finance, qualified personnel, material)) S.		
We decided not to have more innovation activities due to other reasons (e.g. strategic reasons; not the right time to innovate; other priorities; r			ns)
We had no further innovation activities because there was no need			
			ı
If yes to any option go to question	on 3.11		
3.10 Which of the following <u>best describes</u> why your enterprise had	no innovation activi	ities during	g the three
years from 2022 to 2024:			
		Tick or	ne box <u>only</u>
A lack of resources prevented us from innovating. (e.g. lack of finance,	qualified personnel r	naterial)	
A lack of resources prevented as nominationaling, le.g. lack of infance,	, quanneu personnei, i	naterial)	"
We decided not to innovate due to other reasons than a lack of resource	ces. (e.g. strategic reas	sons;	_
not the right time to innovate; other priorities; risks too high; low exper		-	
			_
We had no innovation activities because there was no need for innovation	<u>tion</u>		

5.11 During the three year	8 11 0111 2022 to	2024, u	ia your em	iei prise	try to obtain th	ie ionowni	ig types of	Iunum
	Try to obtain funding					If your e obtained was this fully use or o innov activ		
	Yes, success obtained so funding of this	me	Tried, bu successi		No	Yes	No	_
Equity finance								
(finance provided in exchange for a share in the ownership of the enterprise)			_					
Debt finance (finance that the enterprise must repay)			_		_			
3.12 During the three year the following levels of - Include financial support via gran	government? ts, subsidised loa	ans, and I	oan guarante		receive any <u>pul</u>	blic financ	ial suppo	<u>rt</u> from
- Exclude revenues from nuniic sec	ctor^ procuremen	t contract	ts					
- Exclude revenues from public sec	ctor^ procuremen	t contrac	ts.		enterprise received this <u>used for R&D</u> es?			5
- Exclude revenues from public sec	ctor^ procuremen	t contrac	no	part of	this used for R&D			.
Local or regional authorities*	ctor^ procuremen			part of activitie	this <u>used for R&D</u> es?			
	ctor^ procuremen	Yes	No	part of activities Yes	this used for R&Des?			S
Local or regional authorities*	·	Yes 🗆	No 🗆	part of activities Yes	this used for R&D es? No □			S
Local or regional authorities* National government** EU Horizon 2020 Programme for	· Research	Yes	No	part of activities Yes	this used for R&D			S
Local or regional authorities* National government** EU Horizon 2020 Programme for and Innovation Other financial support from a E Union institution* * Include financial support via grants, subs	Research uropean	Yes □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	No D D es. Exclude fina	part of activities Yes	this used for R&D es? No	or other inn	ovation sector	
Local or regional authorities* National government** EU Horizon 2020 Programme for and Innovation Other financial support from a E Union institution*	Research uropean idised loans, and loaent owned organisat	Yes	No D es. Exclude fina as local, regio	part of activities Yes	this used for R&D es? No	or other inn	ovation sector	
Local or regional authorities* National government** EU Horizon 2020 Programme for and Innovation Other financial support from a EUnion institution* * Include financial support via grants, substitution institution institution institution in i	Research Suropean Sidised loans, and loaent owned organisates security, transport,	Yes	No D es. Exclude fina as local, regionergy, etc.	part of activities Yes	this used for R&D es? No ctivities under contract ational administration	or other inn	sector ies, schools,	hospitals,
Local or regional authorities* National government** EU Horizon 2020 Programme for and Innovation Other financial support from a Eunion institution* * Include financial support via grants, subs ** The public sector includes government government providers of services such as	Research Suropean Sidised loans, and loaent owned organisates security, transport,	Yes	No D es. Exclude fina as local, regionergy, etc.	part of activities Yes	this used for R&D es? No ctivities under contract ational administration	or other inn	sector ies, schools,	hospitals,

Tax credits or allowances for all other types of activities

and

3.14 During the three years 2022 to 2024, did your enterprise co-operate* with other enterprises or organisations? Yes No a) On R&D b) On other innovation activities (excluding R&D) c) On any other business activities * Co-operation is active participation with other enterprises or organisations. Partners do not need to commercially benefit. Exclude pure contracting out of work with no active co-operation.

If 'yes' to either option a) or b), go to question 3.15
Otherwise go to question 4.1

3.15 Please indicate the type of innovation co-operation partner by location

Tick all that apply

Type of co-operation partner	Cyprus	Other EU* or EFTA**	All other countries
Co-operation partner from the business enterprises sector			
Business enterprises outside your enterprise	<u>group</u>		
<u>Consultants</u> , commercial labs, or private research institutes			
<u>Suppliers</u> of equipment, materials, components or software			
Enterprises that are your <u>clients or customers</u>			
Enterprises that are your competitors			
Other enterprises			
Enterprises within your enterprise group			
Co-operation partner <u>outside</u> the business enterprises <u>sector</u>			
<u>Universities</u> or other higher education institutions			
Government or public research institutes			
Clients or customers from the public sector***			
Non-profit organisations		Didentin Constitut Constitut December	

^{*} The Member States of the European Union (EU) are: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Ireland, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovenia, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden.

^{**} Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway, Switzerland.

^{***} The public sector includes government owned organisations such as local, regional and national administrations and agencies, schools, hospitals, and government providers of services such as security, transport, housing, energy, etc.

4 Environmental Innovations

- An innovation with environmental benefits is a new or improved product or business process of an enterprise that
 generates lower environmental impacts, compared to the enterprise's previous products or processes, and that has
 been made available to potential users or brought into use. The environmental benefit can be the primary objective
 of the innovation or a by-product of other objectives.
- The environmental benefits of an innovation can occur during the production of a good or service, or during its consumption or use by the end user of a product. The end user can be an individual, another enterprise, the government, etc.

4.1 During the three years 2022 to 2024, did your enterprise introduce <u>innovations</u> with any of the following <u>environmental benefits</u>, and, if yes, was their contribution to environmental protection rather significant or insignificant?

A. Environmental benefits obtained within your enterprise	Yes, significant	Yes, but insignificant	No
Reduced material or water use per unit of output			
Reduced energy use or CO2 'footprint' (i.e. reduced total CO2 emission)		0	
Reduced soil, noise, water or air pollution			
Replaced a share of materials with less polluting or hazardous substitutes			
Replaced a share of fossil energy with renewable energy sources			
Recycled waste, water, or materials for own use or sale			0
Protection of bio-diversity			
B. Environmental benefits obtained during the consumption or use of a good or service by the end user	Yes, significant	Yes, but insignificant	No
Reduced energy use or CO2 'footprint'			
Reduced air, water, soil or noise pollution	0	_	
Facilitated recycling of product after use		_	
Extended product life through longer-lasting, more durable products	0	_	
Protection of bio-diversity		0	0

If no to all options, this is the end of the questionnaire Otherwise go to question 4.2

4.2 During 2022 to 2024, how important were the following <u>factors in driving your enterprise's decisions to introduce innovations with environmental benefits?</u>

	Degree of importance			
	High	Medium	Low	Not relevant
Existing environmental regulations				
Existing environmental taxes, charges or fees				
Environmental regulations or taxes expected in the future				
Government grants, subsidies or other financial incentives for environmental innovations				_
Current or expected market demand for environmental innovations				
Improving your enterprise's reputation				_
Voluntary actions or initiatives for environmental good practice within your sector				_
High cost of energy, water or materials				
Need to meet requirements for public procurement contracts				
·	'	'	•	•
NOTES				

Notes in implementing the expenditure questions

Research and Development (R&D): R&D comprise creative and systematic work undertaken in order to increase the stock of knowledge – including knowledge of humankind, culture and society – and to devise new applications of available knowledge.

<u>Performed in-house:</u> R&D undertaken **by your enterprise** to create new knowledge or solve scientific or technical problems. **Include** current expenditures including labour costs and capital expenditures on buildings and equipment specifically for R&D)

R&D contracted out: Your enterprise contracted-out R&D to other enterprises (include enterprises in your own group) or to public or private research organisations.

Other innovation expenditure

All other activities related to the development of new or significantly improved products and processes.

Machinery, Equipment and Buildings

Expenditures for purchasing physical capital goods (land and buildings, machinery and instruments, transport equipment and other equipment) and current costs for lease of tangible assets.

Exclude leasing costs for other capital goods (not contributing to asset creation).

Marketing and Branding

Internal or external work intended to enhance reputation or brand values, either of the business as a whole or individual goods or service lines, as well as to support the market placement of new goods and services. For example: market research, market tests, development of marketing strategies and methods, product launches, promotional campaigns, 'rebranding' of business, development of promotional materials, etc

Include: (a) staff costs of all staff involved (b) associated costs, including office facilities, overheads and materials but not capital items; (c) external costs of advertising and marketing campaigns to agencies, media organisations, trade fairs, suppliers of marketing databases, etc.

Staff Training

Activities to training the skills and teaching of knowledge related to the specific activities of the firm, including on-the-job training and job-related education at training and education institutions. For example, training on IT systems, new production equipment, ISO accreditation, skills development, etc

Include: (a) staff costs of trainers, including development and delivery of training; (b) travel and subsistence payments; (c) associated costs, including providing facilities, overheads and materials but not capital items; (d) training provided by external suppliers, whether provided on-site or elsewhere; (e) levy payments for training organisations; (f) the cost of staff time whilst being trained and therefore absent from work and on-the-job training.

Product design

The design of goods or services to develop a new or modified form, appearance or function for goods or services. Design involves a series of iterative steps to create functional products. Product design activities may also include involving potential users in the design process, pilot testing, and post-implementation studies to identify or solve problems with a design.

Include: (a) staff costs of all staff involved, e.g. graphic designers, product designers, architects, design engineers, etc.; (b) associated costs, including office facilities, overheads and materials used for these design activities but not capital goods. Estimates based on proportions of staff time are acceptable.

Exclude (a) costs of design embedded in other items of current or capital expenditure (b) design of scientific prototypes (part of R&D), design of software and other engineering activities (civil engineering, chemical engineering, mechanical engineering, electrical engineering).

Software and databases

Purchase of external software and development of software in-house. For example, operating systems, general purpose office applications (e.g. word processing), special purpose applications (e.g. financial accounting systems, databases, production control systems), etc.

Include: (a) staff costs of all staff involved, excluding contractors; (b) associated costs, including office facilities, overheads and materials used for but not capital items; (c) off-the-shelf software; software licenses and license renewals; generic and bespoke software

Exclude: (a) software embedded in other items of current or capital expenditure, e.g. software pre-installed on IT hardware; (b) software development conducted as part of R&D.

Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)

Administrative and legal costs incurring to apply or register, document, manage, monitor, trade and enforce own intellectual property rights (IPRs). And expenditures made to acquire others' intellectual property (patents, industrial designs, etc.) through purchase or licensing.