



LFS_ESQRS_A_CY_2021_0000

National Reference Metadata in ESS Standard for Quality Reports Structure
(ESQRS)

Compiling agency: Statistical Service of Cyprus



Eurostat metadata
Reference metadata
1. Contact
2. Statistical presentation
3. Statistical processing
4. Quality management
5. Relevance
6. Accuracy and reliability
7. Timeliness and punctuality
8. Coherence and comparability
9. Accessibility and clarity
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Related Metadata
Annexes (including footnotes)

For any question on data and metadata, please contact: [Eurostat user support](#)

1. Contact		Top
1.1. Contact organisation	Statistical Service of Cyprus	
1.2. Contact organisation unit	Methodology, Statistical Dissemination, Prices, Labour Market, Labour Costs and ICT Surveys	
1.5. Contact mail address	Michael Karaolis Str., 1444 Nicosia, Cyprus	

2. Statistical presentation		Top		
<i>Please take note of the abbreviations used in the report</i>				
Abbreviation	Explanation			
CV	Coefficient of variation (or relative standard error)			
Y/N	Yes / No			
H/P	Households/Persons			
M?	Member State doesn't know			
NA	Not applicable/ Not relevant			
UNA	Information unavailable			
NR	Non-response: Member State doesn't answer to Eurostat request for information. Blank is allowed only in boxes with comments			
LFS	Labour Force Survey			
NUTS	Nomenclature of territorial units for statistics or corresponding statistical regions in the EFTA and candidates countries			
2.1. Data description				
Coverage				
Coverage	Household concept	Definition of household for the LFS	Inclusion/exclusion criteria for members of the household	Questions relating to employment status are put to all persons aged ...
Government Controlled Areas	Housekeeping	Usual residence concept with a 12 month reference period for the	Excluded: Tertiary students studying	15-89

of the Republic of Cyprus		duration of stay. The housekeeping concept is used with criteria of provide themselves with essentials for living and share expences.	abroad	
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Population concept	Specific population subgroups				
	Primary/secondary students	Tertiary students	People working out of family home for an extended period for the purpose of work	People working away from family home but returning for weekends	Children alternating two places of residence
Usual residence (12 months)	Family home	Term address	Most of the time - Family home if away for less than 12 months	Family home	Place where the child is found during the reference week

Reference week	
Fixed week (<i>data collection refers to one reference week, to which the observation unit has been assigned prior to the fieldwork</i>)	Rolling week (<i>data collection always refers to the week before the interview</i>)
Y	N

Participation is voluntary/compulsory?
Compulsory

2.2. Classification system

[not requested for the LFS quality report]

2.3. Coverage - sector

[not requested for the LFS quality report]

2.4. Statistical concepts and definitions

[not requested for the LFS quality report]

2.5. Statistical unit

[not requested for the LFS quality report]

2.6. Statistical population

[not requested for the LFS quality report]

2.7. Reference area

[not requested for the LFS quality report]

2.8. Coverage - Time

[not requested for the LFS quality report]

2.9. Base period

[not requested for the LFS quality report]

3. Statistical processing

[Top](#)

3.1. Source data

Sampling design & procedure

Sampling design (scheme; simple random sample, two stage stratified)	Base used for the sample (sampling frame)	Last update of the sampling frame (continuously updated or date of the last update)	Primary sampling unit (PSU)	Final sampling unit (FSU)	Date of sample selection

sample, etc.)					
One stage stratified sampling plan and within each stratum simple random sampling is used	Population Census of 2011 households frame	In 2020, the Population Census of 2011 households frame, was updated with the domestic consumers of electricity which were connected after the Census date. These were obtained from the Electricity Authority of Cyprus.	NA	The final sampling unit within each stratum is the household. If the selected household does not exist anymore at the moment of the survey in the field, or the household moved in the meantime, the NEW household(s) staying at the same address is(are) interviewed.	September 2021
Sampling design & procedure					
First (and intermediate) stage sampling method	Final stage sampling method	Stratification (variable used)	Number of strata (if strata change quarterly, refer to Q4).	Rotation scheme (2-2-2, 5, 6, etc.)	
NA	The sample is proportionally distributed according to the number of households in 9 strata. Refusals, non-contacts and households unable to respond are NOT substituted.	The variables used for stratification are the regions at District level and the classification in urban/rural areas.	9 strata.	Each sample consists of 6 waves, 5 of which are carried over from the previous quarter. Each household is interviewed 6 times consecutively before being rotated out of the sample.	
Yearly sample size & Sampling rate					
Overall theoretical yearly sampling rate	Size of the theoretical yearly sample				
(i.e. including non-response)	(i.e. including non-response)				
2.0%	The yearly sample size is approximately 6.900 households (overlapping households in different waves are not counted).				
Quarterly sample size & Sampling rate					
Overall theoretical quarterly sampling rate	Size of the theoretical quarterly sample				
(i.e. including non-response)	(i.e. including non-response)				
1.3%	The quarterly sample size is approximately 4.600 households.				
Use of subsamples to survey structural variables (wave approach)					
Only for countries using a subsample for yearly variables					
Wave(s) for the subsample	Are the 30 totals for ILO labour status (employment, unemployment and inactivity) by sex (males and females) and age groups (15-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-54, 55+) between the annual average of quarterly estimates and the yearly estimates from the subsample all consistent? (Ref.: Commission Reg. 430/2005, Annex I) (Y/N)	If not please list deviations	List of yearly variables for which the wave approach is used (Ref.: Commission Reg. 377/2008, Annex II)		
NA	NA	NA	NA		

Brief description of the method of calculating the quarterly core weights	Is the sample population in private households expanded to the reference population in private households? (Y/N)	If No, please explain which population is used as reference population	Gender is used in weighting (Y/N)	Which age groups are used in the weighting (e.g., 0-14, 15-19, ..., 70-74, 75+)?	Which regional breakdown is used in the weighting (e.g. NUTS 3)?	Other weighting dimensions
The design weights, i.e. the inverse of the probabilities of inclusion of the households in the sample are calculated and adjusted for non-response in each stratum. The adjusted weights for non-response are then calibrated. The calibration variables are age and sex.	Y	NA	Y	Five-year age groups.	NA	Urban / Rural areas

Brief description of the method of calculating the yearly weights (please indicate if subsampling is applied to survey yearly variables)	Gender is used in weighting (Y/N)	Which age groups are used in the weighting (e.g., 0-14, 15-19, ..., 70-74, 75+)?	Which regional breakdown is used in the weighting (e.g. NUTS 3)?	Other weighting dimensions
Yearly weights are calculated using the Quarterly weights (divided by 4). Yearly variables are collected in all quarters and all waves and no subsampling is applied.	Y (when calculating the quarterly weights)	Five-year age groups.	NA	Urban / Rural areas

Brief description of the method of calculating the weights for households	External reference for number of households etc.?	Which factors at household level are used in the weighting (number of households, household size, household composition, etc.)	Which factors at individual level are used in the weighting (gender, age, regional breakdown etc.)	Identical household weights for all household members? (Y/N)
The design weights, i.e. the inverse of the probabilities of inclusion of the households in the sample are calculated and adjusted for non-response in each stratum. The adjusted weights for non-response are then calibrated. The calibration variables are age and sex.	Estimates of the number of households which are obtained from the Demography sector of Cystat are used.	Number of households.	Gender, age and districts breakdown in urban / rural	Y

The variables used for stratification are the Districts and the urban/rural areas within each district.

3.2. Frequency of data collection

[not requested for the LFS quality report]

3.3. Data collection

Data collection methods: brief description	Use of dependent interviewing (Y/N)?	In case of Computer Assisted Methods adoption for data collection, could you please indicate which software is used?
Data are collected with face-to-face interviews using CAPI in the first wave and with telephone interviews using CATI in all other waves. During the (n+1)th interview, interviewers try to reach the respondents of the previous	Y	Blaise 4.8

<p>wave plus the non-contacts and the other reasons. Refusals are not tried to be reached again. Also houses that were empty, or were second homes, or served as establishments etc. are revisited during the n+1 interview, for a re-confirmation of their status or not. If a household is found, then it is interviewed. (In 2021 all interviews were conducted using CATI due to the COVID-19 pandemic).</p>		
Are any LFS data collected from registers (Y/N)?	If Yes, please indicate which variables are collected from registers.	
N	NA	
3.4. Data validation		
[not requested for the LFS quality report]		
3.5. Data compilation		
[not requested for the LFS quality report]		
3.6. Adjustment		
[not requested for the LFS quality report]		

4. Quality management	Top
4.1. Quality assurance	
[not requested for the LFS quality report]	
4.2. Quality management - assessment	
[not requested for the LFS quality report]	

5. Relevance	Top		
5.1. Relevance - User Needs			
Description of users with respect to the statistical data			
Ministry of Labour and Social Insurance Other Ministries of the Government Human Resource Development Authority Students and Researchers International Organisations Others			
Indication of the needs and uses for which users want the statistical outputs; information on unmet user needs and any plans to satisfy them in the future			
For policy making and research purposes.			
5.2. Relevance - User Satisfaction			
[not requested for the LFS quality report]			
5.3. Completeness			
NUTS level of detail			
Regional level of an individual record (person) in the national data set	Lowest regional level of the results published by NSI	Lowest regional level of the results delivered to researchers by NSI	Brief description of the method which is used to produce NUTS-3 unemployment and labour force data sent to Eurostat?
CY	CY	CY	NA
5.3.1. Data completeness - rate			
[not requested for the LFS quality report]			

6. Accuracy and reliability	Top
6.1. Accuracy - overall	
[not requested for the LFS quality report]	

6.2. Sampling error						
Publication thresholds						
Annual average estimates				Yearly estimates - wave approach		
Limit below which figures cannot be published		Limit below which figures must be published with warning		Limit below which figures cannot be published		Limit below which figures must be published with warning
500		1500		500		1500
Biennial variables estimates		Household estimates		Household average estimates		
Limit below which figures cannot be published	Limit below which figures must be published with warning	Limit below which figures cannot be published	Limit below which figures must be published with warning	Limit below which figures cannot be published	Limit below which figures must be published with warning	
500	1500	500	1500	500	1500	
6.2.1. Sampling error - indicators						
Coefficient of variation (CV) Annual estimates						
Sampling error - indicators - Coefficient of variation (CV), Standard Error (SE) and Confidence Interval (CI)						
	Employment rate		Unemployment-to-population ratio		Youth unemployment rate as a percentage of labour force	
	Age group: 15 -74		Age group: 15 -74		Age group: 15 -24	
CV	0.73		4.09		9.71	
SE	0.47		0.21		1.66	
CI(**)	63.10-64.94		4.77-5.61		13.83-20.33	
Unemployment-to-population ratio 15-74 (NUTS 2 regions)						
	CV	SE	CI(**)			
Region 1	NA	NA	NA			
Region 2	NA	NA	NA			
...	NA	NA	NA			
...	NA	NA	NA			
Region n	NA	NA	NA			
Description of the assumption underlying the denominator for the calculation of the CV for the employment rate						
The denominator of the employment rate is treated as a population figure without sample variance.						
Reference on software used:		Reference on method of estimation:				
SAS & R (package sampling)		The estimation of the sampling errors is based on Simple Random Sampling Theory, taking calibration of weights into account. The function VAREST of the package sampling in R is used.				
(*) The coefficient of variation for actual hours worked should be calculated for the sum of actual hours worked in 1st and 2nd jobs, and restricted to those who actually worked 1 hour or more in the reference week.						
(**) The value is based on a CI of 95%. For the rates the CI should be given with 2 decimals.						
6.3. Non-sampling error						
[not requested for the LFS quality report]						
6.3.1. Coverage error						
Frame quality (under-coverage, over-coverage and misclassifications^(b))						
Under-coverage rate (%)	Over-coverage rate (%)	Misclassification rate (%)	Comments: specification and impact on estimates ^(a)			
			Undercoverage	Overcoverage	Misclassification ^(b)	Reference on frame

						errors
1.97	NA	UNA	The sample was drawn from the Census of Population household frame of 2011. In a post enumeration survey conducted after the census, an undercoverage of 1.97% was estimated.	NA	UNA	UNA
(a) Mention specifically which regions / population groups are not suitably represented in the sample.						
(b) Misclassification refers to statistical units having an erroneous classification where both the wrong and the correct one are within the target population.						
6.3.1.1. Over-coverage - rate						
[Over-coverage rate, please see concept 6.3.1 Coverage error in the LFS quality report]						
6.3.1.2. Common units - proportion						
[not requested for the LFS quality report]						
6.3.2. Measurement error						
Errors due to the medium (questionnaire)						
Was the questionnaire updated for the 2021 LFS operation? (Y/N)	Synthetic description of the update		Was the questionnaire tested? (Y/N)	If the questionnaire has been tested, which kind of tests has been applied (pilot, cognitive, internal check)?		
Y	The questionnaire was updated in accordance with the implementation of the IESS regulation.		Y	Internal checks		
Main methods of reducing measurement errors						
Error source						
Respondent	Letter introducing the survey (Y/N)		Phone call for booking or introducing the survey (Y/N)			
	Y (Assurance to respondents of the confidentiality of the data collected)		Y			
Interviewer	Periodical training (at least 1 time per year) (Y/N)		Feedbacks from interviewer (reports, debriefings, etc.) (Y/N)			
	Y (Indepth training on the questionnaire is provided and also close contact with the interviewers throughout the survey)		Y			
Fieldwork	Monitoring directly by contacting the respondents after the fieldwork (Y/N)		Monitoring directly by listening the interviews (Y/N)	Monitoring remotely through performance indicators (Y/N)		
			N	Y		
Questionnaire	Questionnaire in several languages (Y/N)		On-line checks (for computer assisted interviews (Y/N)			
	Y (In Greek and English - The questions asked are clear and simple so that they are easily understood by the interviewers and the respondents)		Y			
Other / Comments						
6.3.3. Non response error						
[not requested for the LFS quality report]						
6.3.3.1. Unit non-response - rate						
IN THIS SECTION INFORMATION REFERS TO THE FINAL SAMPLING UNITS *						

Methods used for adjustments for statistical unit non-response		
Adjustment via weights (Y/N)	Variables used for non-response adjustment	Description of method
Y	None	The response rate is calculated in each stratum and the initial design weight N/n is adjusted to $N/n * p$ where N =number of households in the stratum in the sampling frame, n =number of households in the stratum in the selected sample and p =response rate in the stratum.
Substitution of non-responding units (Y/N)	Substitution rate	Criteria for substitution
N	NA	NA
Other methods (Y/N)	Description of method	
N	NA	

Rates of non-response by survey mode. Annual average				
Survey				
CAPI	CATI	PAPI	CAWI	POSTAL
NA (due to COVID-19, no CAPI interviews were conducted)	6.65	NA	NA	NA

Non-response rates by survey mode. Annual average (% of the theoretical yearly sample by survey mode)			
Quarter	Non-response rate		
	Total (%)	of which:	
		Refusals (%)	Non-contacts (including people who migrated (or moved) internally or abroad) (%)
1	6.76	2.67	3.50
2	6.68	2.70	3.48
3	6.97	2.72	3.65
4	6.20	2.82	2.87
Annual	6.65	2.73	3.38

Units who refused to participate in the survey (Please indicate the number of the units concerned in the cells where the wave is mentioned)				
Subsample	Quarter1_2021	Quarter2_2021	Quarter3_2021	Quarter4_2021
Subsample_Q4_2019	Wave6 - 16			
Subsample_Q1_2020	Wave5 - 14	Wave6 - 18		
Subsample_Q2_2020	Wave4 - 21	Wave5 - 19	Wave6 - 21	
Subsample_Q3_2020	Wave3 - 16	Wave4 - 18	Wave5 - 23	Wave6 - 26
Subsample_Q4_2020	Wave2 - 25	Wave3 - 30	Wave4 - 30	Wave5 - 31
Subsample_Q1_2021	Wave1 - 12	Wave2 - 13	Wave3 - 13	Wave4 - 14
Subsample_Q2_2021		Wave1 - 9	Wave2 - 13	Wave3 - 15
Subsample_Q3_2021			Wave1 - 8	Wave2 - 12
Subsample_Q4_2021				Wave1 - 14
Total in absolute numbers	106	107	108	112
Total in % of theoretical quarterly sample	2.67	2.70	2.72	2.82

Units who were not contacted (including people who migrated (or moved) internally or abroad) (Please indicate the number of units only in the cells where the wave is mentioned)

Subsample	Quarter1_2021	Quarter2_2021	Quarter3_2021	Quarter4_2021
Subsample_Q1_2019	Wave6 - 16			
Subsample_Q1_2020	Wave5 - 25	Wave6 - 21		
Subsample_Q2_2020	Wave4 - 24	Wave5 - 29	Wave6 - 27	
Subsample_Q3_2020	Wave3 - 29	Wave4 - 20	Wave5 - 25	Wave6 - 22
Subsample_Q4_2020	Wave2 - 27	Wave3 - 29	Wave4 - 22	Wave5 - 22
Subsample_Q1_2021	Wave1 - 19	Wave2 - 18	Wave3 - 16	Wave4 - 17
Subsample_Q2_2021		Wave1 - 21	Wave2 - 24	Wave3 - 17
Subsample_Q3_2021			Wave1 - 31	Wave2 - 17
Subsample_Q4_2021				Wave1 - 19
Total in absolute numbers	140	138	145	114
Total in % of theoretical quarterly sample	3.50	3.48	3.65	2.87

Non-response rates. Annual averages (% of the theoretical yearly sample)

NUTS-2 region (code + name)	Non response rate (%)
NA	NA

* If the final sampling unit is the household it must be considered as responding unit even in case of some household members (not all) do not answer the interview

6.3.3.2. Item non-response - rate
Item non-response (*) - Quarterly data (Compared to the variables defined by the Commission Implementing Regulation (EC) No 2019/2240)

Variable status	Column	Identifier	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Short comments on reasons for non-available statistics and prospects for future solutions
Compulsory / optional							
compulsory	207-209	COUNTRYW	C	C	C	C	Country is always CY

Item non-response (*) - Annual data (Compared to the variables defined by the Commission Implementing Regulation (EC) No 2019/2240)

Variable status	Column	Identifier	This reference year	Short comments on reasons for non-available statistics and prospects for future solutions
compulsory	316-323	INCGROSS	3.5	Sensitive question. Not all respondents want to answer this question, even though bands are also available instead of a specific amount.

(*) "C" means all the records have the same value different from missing.

6.3.4. Processing error
Editing of statistical item non-response

Do you apply some data editing procedure to detect and correct errors? (Y/N)	Overall editing rate (Observations with at least one item changed / Total Observations)
N	NA

6.3.4.1. Imputation - rate

Imputation of statistical item non-response			
Are all or part of the variables with item non response imputed? (Y/N)		Overall imputation rate (Observations with at least one item imputed / Total Observations)	
N		NA	
Main variables		Imputation rate	Describe method used, mentioning which auxiliary information or stratification is used
NA		NA	NA
6.3.5. Model assumption error			
[not requested for the LFS quality report]			
6.4. Seasonal adjustment			
Do you apply any seasonal adjustment to the LFS Series? (Y/N)	If Yes, is your adopted methodology compliant with the ESS guidelines on seasonal adjustment? (ref. http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/research-methodology/seasonal-adjustment) (Y/N)	If Yes, are you compliant with the Eurostat/ECB recommendation on Jdemetra+ as software for conducting seasonal adjustment of official statistics. (ref. http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/ess/-/jdemetra-officially-recommended-as-software-for-the-seasonal-adjustment-of-official-statistics) (Y/N)	If Not, please provide a description of the used methods and tools
N	NA	NA	NA
6.5. Data revision - policy			
Do you adopt a general data revision policy fully compliant with the ESS Code of Practice principles? (in particular see the 8th principle) (Y/N)		Are you compliant with the ESS guidelines on revision policy for PEEIs? (ref. http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/documents/3859598/5935517/KS-RA-13-016-EN.PDF) (Y/N)	
A data revision policy is in place at CYSTAT. It is published on CYSTAT's website, at the following link: CYSTAT also publishes a list of scheduled revisions (regular or major revisions), also published on its website, at the following link: https://library.cystat.gov.cy/NEW/List_Scheduled_Revisions-EN-281122.pdf		Y - The national revision policy is in line with the revision policy for PEEIs	
6.6. Data revision - practice			
[not requested for the LFS quality report]			
6.6.1. Data revision - average size			
[not requested for the LFS quality report]			

7. Timeliness and punctuality	Top
7.1. Timeliness	
Restricted from publication	
7.1.1. Time lag - first result	
Restricted from publication	
7.1.2. Time lag - final result	
Restricted from publication	
7.2. Punctuality	
All data sets (quarterly and annual) were delivered on time.	
7.2.1. Punctuality - delivery and publication	
[not requested for the LFS quality report]	

8. Coherence and comparability	Top
8.1. Comparability - geographical	
Divergence of national concepts from European concepts	
<i>(European concept or National proxy concept used) List all concepts where any divergences can be found</i>	

Is there a divergence between the national and European concepts for the following characteristics?	(Y/N)	Give a description of difference and provide an assessment of the impact of the divergence on the statistics			
Definition of resident population (*)	N	NA			
Identification of the main job (*)	N	NA			
Employment	N	NA			
Unemployment	N	NA			
8.1.1. Asymmetry for mirror flow statistics - coefficient					
[not requested for the LFS quality report]					
8.2. Comparability - over time					
Changes at CONCEPT level introduced during the reference year and affecting comparability with previous reference periods (including breaks in series)					
Changes in	(Y/N)	Description of the impact of the changes	Statistics also revised backwards (if Y: year / N)	Variables affected	Break in series to be flagged (if Y: year and quarter/N)
concepts and definition	N	NA	NA	NA	NA
coverage (i.e. target population)	N	NA	NA	NA	NA
legislation	Y	The new regulation for the IESS was implemented in 2021	N	N	NA
classifications	N	NA	NA	NA	NA
geographical boundaries	N	NA	NA	NA	NA
Changes at MEASUREMENT level introduced during the reference year and affecting comparability with previous reference periods (including breaks in series)					
Changes to	(Y/N)	Description of the impact of the changes	Statistics also revised backwards (if Y: year / N)	Variables affected	Break in series to be flagged (if Y: year and quarter/N)
sampling frame	N	NA	NA	NA	NA
sample design	N	NA	NA	NA	NA
rotation pattern	N	NA	NA	NA	NA
questionnaire	Y	The questionnaire was updated in accordance with the implementation of the new regulation for the IESS	N	N	NA
instruction to interviewers	Y	The instructions to interviewers were also updated, as a result of the new questionnaire	N	N	NA
survey mode	Y	Only CATI interviews were conducted due to the COVID-19 pandemic	N	N	NA
weighting scheme	N	NA	NA	NA	NA
use of auxiliary information	N	NA	NA	NA	NA
8.2.1. Length of comparable time series					
[not requested for the LFS quality report]					
8.3. Coherence - cross domain					

Coherence of LFS data with Business statistics data					
	Description of difference in concept	Description of difference in measurement	Give an assessment of the effects of the differences	Give references to description of differences	
Total employment	LFS data is collected from private households only and refer to physical persons employed while Business statistics data is collected from local units/enterprises excluding Agriculture/Fishing and refer to the full-time equivalent number of working persons.	UNA	UNA	UNA	
Total employment by NACE	Same as above	UNA	UNA	UNA	
Number of hours worked	For Business statistics data, hours worked are only collected for part-timers	UNA	UNA	UNA	
Coherence of LFS data with registered unemployment					
	Description of difference in concept	Description of difference in measurement	Give references to description of differences		
	Registered Unemployment does not comply fully to the definition of unemployment according to Commission Regulation (EC) no 1897/2000. Registered Unemployment excludes self-employed persons, persons seeking part-time employment, as well as persons seeking work in a specific location (area) and for a specific employer.	UNA	UNA		
Assessment of the effect of differences of LFS unemployment and registered unemployment					
Give an assessment of the effects of the differences					
Overall effect	Men under 25 years	Men 25 years and over	Women under 25 years	Women 25 years and over	Regional distribution (NUTS-3)
Registered unemployment underestimates young males, young females, old males and old females.	UNA	UNA	UNA	UNA	UNA
8.4. Coherence - sub annual and annual statistics					
[not requested for the LFS quality report]					
8.5. Coherence - National Accounts					
Coherence of LFS data with National Accounts data					
	Description of difference in concept	Description of difference in measurement	Give an assessment of the effects of the differences	Give references to description of differences	
Total employment	LFS data is collected from private households only (and cover persons who stay or intend to stay in the country for at least 1 year) while National Accounts data take into consideration employment from all different sources (LFS, Business Statistics on Employment and administrative sources) in order to cover all persons who work in the economic territory of the country.	LFS does not cover foreign seasonal workers, conscripts and Turkish Cypriots who work in the Government Controlled Area but reside in the Occupied Areas.	UNA	UNA	
Total employment by NACE	Same as above	Same as above	UNA	UNA	

Number of hours worked	UNA	UNA	UNA	UNA	
Which is the use of LFS data for National Account Data?					
Country uses LFS as the only source for employment in national accounts.	Country uses mainly LFS, but replacing it in a few industries (or labour status), on a case-by-case basis	Country not make use of LFS, or makes minimal use of it	Country combines sources for labour supply and demand giving precedence to labour supply sources (i.e. LFS)	Country combines sources for labour supply and demand not giving precedence to any labour side	Country combines sources for labour supply and demand giving precedence to labour demand sources (i.e. employment registers and/or enterprise surveys)
N	N	Y (Minimal use of it - Country makes use of it only on a yearly basis and not on a quarterly basis)	N	N	N
8.6. Coherence - internal					
[not requested for the LFS quality report]					

9. Accessibility and clarity					Top
9.1. Dissemination format - News release					
[not requested for the LFS quality report]					
9.2. Dissemination format - Publications					
Please provide a list of type and frequency of publications					
Word file - Quarterly Press Release					
Excel file - Quarterly publication with main indicators and main tables					
9.3. Dissemination format - online database					
Documentation, explanations, quality limitations, graphics etc.					
Web link to national methodological publication	Conditions of access to data	Accompanying information to data	Further assistance available to users		
https://www.cystat.gov.cy/en/MethodologicalDetails?m=2032	Everybody	Press release and metadata information on the website	Telephone and e-mail consulting		
9.3.1. Data tables - consultations					
[not requested for the LFS quality report]					
9.4. Dissemination format - microdata access					
Accessibility to LFS national microdata (Y/N)	Who is entitled to the access (researchers, firms, institutions)?	Conditions of access to data		Accompanying information to data	Further assistance available to users
Y	Under the provisions of the Statistics Law, CYSTAT may release microdata for the sole use of scientific research.	Applicants have to submit the request form "APPLICATION FOR DATA FOR RESEARCH PURPOSES" giving thorough information on the project for which micro-data are needed. The application is evaluated by CYSTAT's Confidentiality Committee and if the application is approved, a charge is fixed according to the volume and time consumed for preparation of the data. Micro-data may then be released after an anonymisation process which ensures no direct identification of the statistical units but, at the same time, ensures usability of the data. The link for the application is attached below:		Y - metadata	Users can contact the LFS team

https://www.cystat.gov.cy/en/DataRequestContactForm?fid=7
9.5. Dissemination format - other
[not requested for the LFS quality report]
9.6. Documentation on methodology
References to methodological notes about the survey and its characteristics
https://www.cystat.gov.cy/en/MethodologicalDetails?m=2032
9.7. Quality management - documentation
[not requested for the LFS quality report]
9.7.1. Metadata completeness - rate
[not requested for the LFS quality report]
9.7.2. Metadata - consultations
[not requested for the LFS quality report]

10. Cost and Burden Top
Restricted from publication

11. Confidentiality Top
11.1. Confidentiality - policy
[not requested for the LFS quality report]
11.2. Confidentiality - data treatment
Please provide information on the policy for anonymizing microdata in your country
The treatment of confidential data is regulated by CYSTAT's Code of Practice for the Collection, Publication and Storage of Statistical Data.
https://www.cystat.gov.cy/en/StaticPage?id=1066

12. Comment Top
[not requested for the LFS quality report]

Related metadata Top

Annexes Top